

Directions: Work in groups of 2-3 people. You may need extra paper.

**1** For each problem below: (a) give the units of the derivative (b) tell **what the derivative is measuring** and (c) state whether the derivative is probably Positive, Negative or Zero

1.  $H(t)$  is the height (in feet) of a rock  $t$  seconds after it is dropped from the top of a tall building.

- (a) \_\_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_\_  
 (b) when  $t = 2$ :  $dH/dt$  measures \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $N(f)$  is the cost of a new home (in dollars) with a floor area of  $f$  square feet.

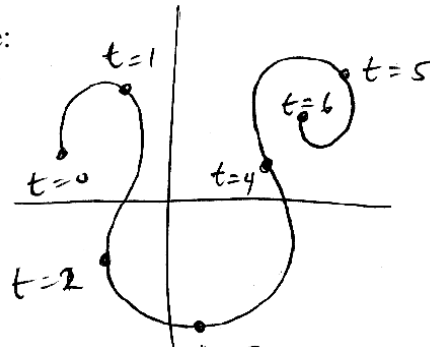
- (a) \_\_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_\_  
 (b) when  $f = 2000$ :  $dN/df$  measures \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $V(t)$  is the value of a car (\$)  $t$  years after it is purchased.

- (a) \_\_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_\_  
 (b) when  $t = 3$ :  $dV/dt$  measures \_\_\_\_\_

**2** For the parametric curve sketched here in the  $xy$ -plane:

- (a)  $\left. \frac{dx}{dt} \right|_{t=2}$  is **positive**      **negative**      **zero**  
 (b)  $\left. \frac{dy}{dt} \right|_{t=3}$  is **positive**      **negative**      **zero**  
 (c)  $\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{t=4}$  is **positive**      **negative**      **zero**



**3** A. Suppose you are a small bug walking along a straight stick and that your position  $P$  at time  $t$  seconds is  $P(t) = 6t - t^2$  feet.

- (1) What is your position at time 2 seconds? \_\_\_\_\_ at 4 seconds? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (2) What is your velocity at time 2 seconds? \_\_\_\_\_ at 4 seconds? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (3) When is your velocity 0? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (4) A positive velocity means you are moving: Forward Backward Neither  
 (5) At  $t=4$  seconds you are moving: Forward Backward Neither  
 (6) For how long (how many seconds) did you walk forward? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (6) At time 4 seconds, how far are you from your starting location? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (7) From time 0 to time 4 seconds, how far (total distance) did you walk? \_\_\_\_\_

**4 Motion & the Chain Rule**

C. Position is  $P(t) = 6t - t^2$  feet at time  $t$  seconds (see problem A). But now the stick is heated, and the temperature of the stick at location  $x$  feet is  $T(x) = 60 - 3x$  degrees F.

- (1) What is the temperature at the bug's location at time 2 seconds? \_\_\_\_\_ 5 seconds? \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) What is the rate of change of Temperature along the stick at  $x=1$  ft? \_\_\_\_\_ 5 ft? \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) When  $t = 2$  seconds, what is the **rate of change** of the bug's temperature? \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) When  $t = 4$  seconds, what is the **rate of change** of the bug's temperature? \_\_\_\_\_
- (5) When  $t = 3$  seconds, what is the **rate of change** of the bug's temperature? \_\_\_\_\_

**5** (F) The position  $x(t)$  and velocity  $dx/dt$  of a bug are given in the top table. The bottom table gives the temperature  $T(x)$  and rate of change of the temperature  $dT(x)/dx$  at each position  $x$  along a path. Use those values to answer the questions.

- (1) When was the bug farthest from its starting point? \_\_\_\_\_ How far was that? \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) When was the bug moving fastest? \_\_\_\_\_ How fast was that? \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) At  $t=7$  minutes, how far was the bug from its starting position? \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) From  $t=0$  to  $t=7$  minutes, how far (total) did the bug walk? \_\_\_\_\_
- (5) At  $t=1$   $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ,  $dx/dt =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (6) At  $t=1$  the bug's temp is \_\_\_\_\_ and the bug is getting Warmer Cooler.
- (7) At  $t=1$ ,  $dT/dt =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Bug's Position and Velocity at time  $t$

$t$ (min)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$P$ (feet)	5	3	2	4	9	11	8	3
$dP/dt$ (ft/min)	-2	-1	0	3	5	0	-3	-4

Temperature and Rate of Change of Temperature at location  $x$

$x$ (feet)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
$T$ (deg)	63	60	55	50	42	40	38	41	46	52	56	61	68	74
$dT/dx$ (deg/ft)	-2	-3	-5	-4	-6	-2	-2	3	4	5	3	4	6	7